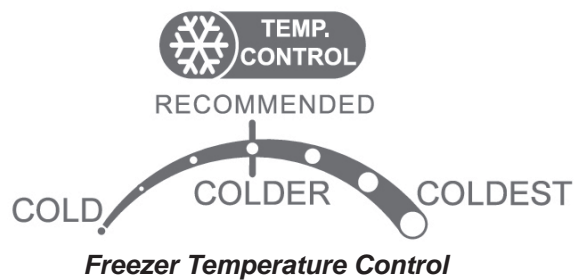


Using the Control Panel

Freezer compartment Temperature Setting

- Plug on your appliance. The internal temperature is controlled by a sensor. There are 3 settings COLD, RECOMMENDED and COLDEST. COLD is warmest setting and COLDEST is coldest setting.
- The appliance may not operate at the correct temperature if it is in a particularly hot or if you open the door often.



Refrigerator Compartment Temperature Setting

1.0 Control panel

1.1 Key operation

B --- temperature setting key.

1.2 Led indication light

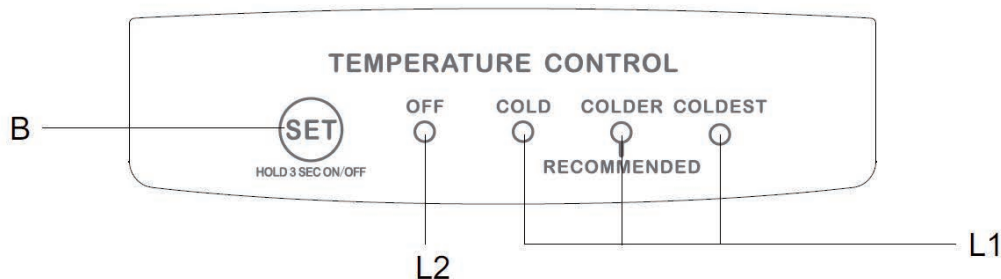
L1 --- show the setting of fridge compartment.

L2 --- Power Off.

2.0 Operation

2.1 The temperature setting is cycle change between “cold”.”colder” and ”coldest”, when you push the “SET”key. After each operation is finished for 5 seconds, the setting temperature is confirmed.

2.2 Power off and power on



Daily Use

First use

Cleaning the interior

Before using the appliance for the first time, wash the interior and all internal accessories with lukewarm water and some neutral soap so as to remove the typical smell of a brand new product, then dry thoroughly.

Important! Do not use detergents or abrasive powders, as these will damage the finish.

Freezing the interior

- The freezer compartment is suitable for freezing fresh food and storing frozen and deep-frozen food for a long time.
- Place the fresh food to be frozen in the bottom compartment.
- The maximum amount of food that can be frozen in 24 hours is specified on the rating plate.
- The freezing process lasts 24 hours: during this period do not add other food to be frozen.

Storing frozen food

When first starting-up or after a period out of use. Before putting the product in the compartment let the appliance run at last 2 hours on the higher settings.

IMPORTANT! In the event of accidental defrosting, for example the power has been off for longer than the value shown in the technical characteristics chart under "rising time", the defrost food must be consumed quickly or cooked immediately and then re-frozen (after cooked).

Thawing

Deep-frozen or frozen food, prior to be used, can be thawed in the refrigerator compartment or at room temperature, depending on the time available for this operation. Small pieces may even be cooked still frozen, directly from the freezer. In this case, cooking will take longer.

Ice-Cube

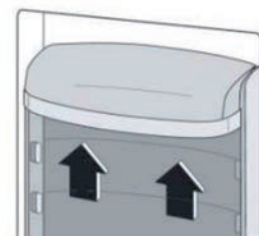
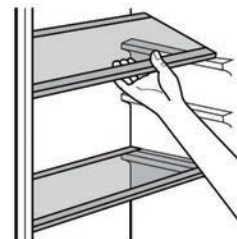
This appliances may be equipped with one or more ice-cube to produce ice.

Adjustable Glass

The walls of the refrigerator are equipped with a series of runners so that the shelves can be positioned as desired.

Adjusting the door bins

To permit storage of food packages of various sizes, the door balconies can be placed at different heights. To make these adjustments proceed as follows: gradually pull the bin in the direction of the arrows until it comes free, then reposition as required.



Daily Use

To help you make the most of the freezing process, here are some important hints:

- The maximum quantity of food which can be frozen in 24hrs. is shown on the rating plate;
- Only freeze top quality, fresh and thoroughly cleaned, foodstuffs;
- Prepare food in small portions to enable it to be rapidly and completely frozen and to make it possible subsequently to thaw only the quantity required;
- wrap up the food in aluminium foil or polythene and make sure that the packages are airtight;
- do not allow fresh, unfrozen food to touch food which is already frozen, thus avoiding a rise in temperature of the latter;
- lean foods store better and longer than fatty ones; salt reduces the storage life of food;
- water ice, if consumed immediately after removal from the freezer compartment, can possibly cause frost burns;
- it is advisable to show the freezing date on each individual pack to enable removal from the freezer compartment, in a timely manner;
- it is advisable to show the freezing date on each individual pack to enable you to keep tab of the storage time.

Hints for storage of frozen food

To obtain the best performance from this appliance, you should:

- Make sure that the commercially frozen foodstuffs were adequately stored by the retailer;
- Be sure that frozen foodstuffs are transferred from the food store to the freezer in the shortest possible time;
- Do not open the door frequently or leave it open longer than absolutely necessary;
- Once defrosted, food deteriorates rapidly and cannot be refrozen;
- Do not exceed the storage period indicated by the food manufacture.

Hints for fresh food refrigeration

To obtain the best performance:

- Do not store warm food or evaporating liquids in the refrigerator;
- Do not cover or wrap the food, particularly if it has a strong flavour.

Hints for refrigeration

Useful hints:

- Make (all types): wrap in polythene bags and place on the glass shelves above the vegetable drawer;
- For safety, store in this way only one or two days at the most;
- Cooked foods, cold dishes, etc. These should be covered and may be placed on any shelf;
- Fruit and vegetables: these should be thoroughly cleaned and placed in the special drawer(s) provided;
- Butter and cheese: These should be placed in special airtight containers or wrapped in aluminium foil or polythene bags to exclude as much air as possible;
- Milk bottle: these should have a cap and should be stored in the balconies on the door;
- Bananas, potatoes, onions and garlic, if not packed, must not be kept in the fridge.

Cleaning

For hygienic reasons the appliance interior, including interior accessories, should be cleaned regularly.



Caution! The appliances may not be connected to the mains during cleaning. Danger of electrical shock! Before cleaning switch the appliance off and remove the plug from the mains, or switch off or turn out the circuit breaker or fuse. Never clean the appliance with a steam cleaner. Moisture could accumulate in electrical components, danger of electrical shock! Hot vapors can lead to the damage of plastic parts. The appliance must be dry before it is placed back into service.

Important! Ethereal oils and organic solvents can attack plastic parts, e.g. lemon juice or the juice from orange peel, butyric acid, cleanser that contain acetic acid.

- Do not allow such substances to come into contact with the appliance parts;
- Do not use any abrasive cleaners;
- Remove the food from the freezer. Store them in a cool place, well covered.
- Switch the appliance off and remove the plug from the mains, or switch off or turn out the circuit breaker fuse;
- Clean the appliance and the interior accessories with a cloth and lukewarm water. After cleaning wipe with fresh water and rub dry;
- After everything is dry, plug the appliance into the mains power supply and then you may use the appliance.

Important Warning

- △ Keep ventilation openings, in the appliance enclosure or in the built-in structure, clear of obstruction. Do not use mechanical devices or other means to accelerate the defrosting process, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- △ Do not change or damage the refrigerant circuit.
- △ Do not store explosive substances such as aerosol cans with a flammable propellant in this appliance.
- △ During transportation and installation of the appliance, be certain that none of the components of the refrigerant circuit become damaged.
- △ It is dangerous to alter the specifications or modify this product in any way. Any damage to the cord may cause a short circuit, fire and/or electric shock.
- △ This appliance is intended to be used in residential household, office or light commercial applications such as Hotels and College Dorms.
- △ All electrical components (plug, power cord, compressor and etc.) must be replaced by a certified service agent or qualified service personnel.
- △ The refrigerant contained within the compressor of the appliance is isobutene (R600a) which is environmentally friendly but flammable.
- △ Make sure that the power plug is not crushed or damaged at the back of the appliance. A crushed or damaged power plug may overheat and cause a fire.
- △ Power cord must not be lengthened.
- △ Make sure that you can come to the mains plug of the appliance. Do not pull the mains cable.
- △ If the power plug socket is loose, do not insert the power plug. There is a risk of electric shock or fire. You must not operate the appliance without the lamp.
- △ This appliance is heavy. Care should be taken when moving it.
- △ Do not remove nor touch items from the freezer compartment if your hands are damp/wet, as this could cause skin abrasions or frost/freezer bums.
- △ Avoid prolonged exposure of the appliance to direct sunlight.

Troubleshooting

You can solve many common refrigerator problems easily, saving you the cost of a possible service call. Try the suggestions below to see if you can solve the problem before calling for service.

<i>Problem</i>	<i>Possible Causes</i>
Refrigerator does not operate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerator unplugged • The circuit breaker is tripped/fuse blown.
Compressor turns on and off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The room temperature is warmer than normal • Door is left open or is frequently opened. • The refrigerator does not have the correct clearances. • The refrigerator has recently been disconnected for a period of time.
Refrigerator compartments are too warm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Temperature control is not set correctly. • Door is left open or is not set correctly. • The door gasket does not seal properly. • A large amount of warm or hot food was stored recently. Wait for the refrigerator to reach its selected temperature. • The refrigerator has recently been discontinued for
Vibrating or rattling (slight vibration is normal)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leveling legs need adjusting. • Refrigerator is placed on an uneven or weak surface. • The refrigerator is touching the wall. Re-level the refrigerator and move it away from the wall.
Temperature of external refrigerator surface is warm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The exterior refrigerator walls can be as much as 30°F warm than room temperature. • This is normal while the compressor works to transfer heat from inside the refrigerator cabinet.
Moisture collects inside the refrigerator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Door is left open or is frequently opened.
Moisture forms on outside of refrigerator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is normal in hot and humid weather. Air carries moisture into the refrigerator when doors are opened.
Bubbling or gurling sounds (like boiling water)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is the normal sound of refrigerant (used to cool refrigerator) circulating throughout the system
Popping or crackling sounds when compressor comes on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is the normal. Metal parts undergo expansion and contraction, like hot water pipes. The sound will level off or disappear as refrigerator runs.
The door will not close properly	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The refrigerator is not on a level surface. • The gasket is dirty. • The storage basket is out of position.

For any questions or concerns, please contact us at customerservice@stirlingmarathon.com or visit us at www.stirlingmarathon.com